

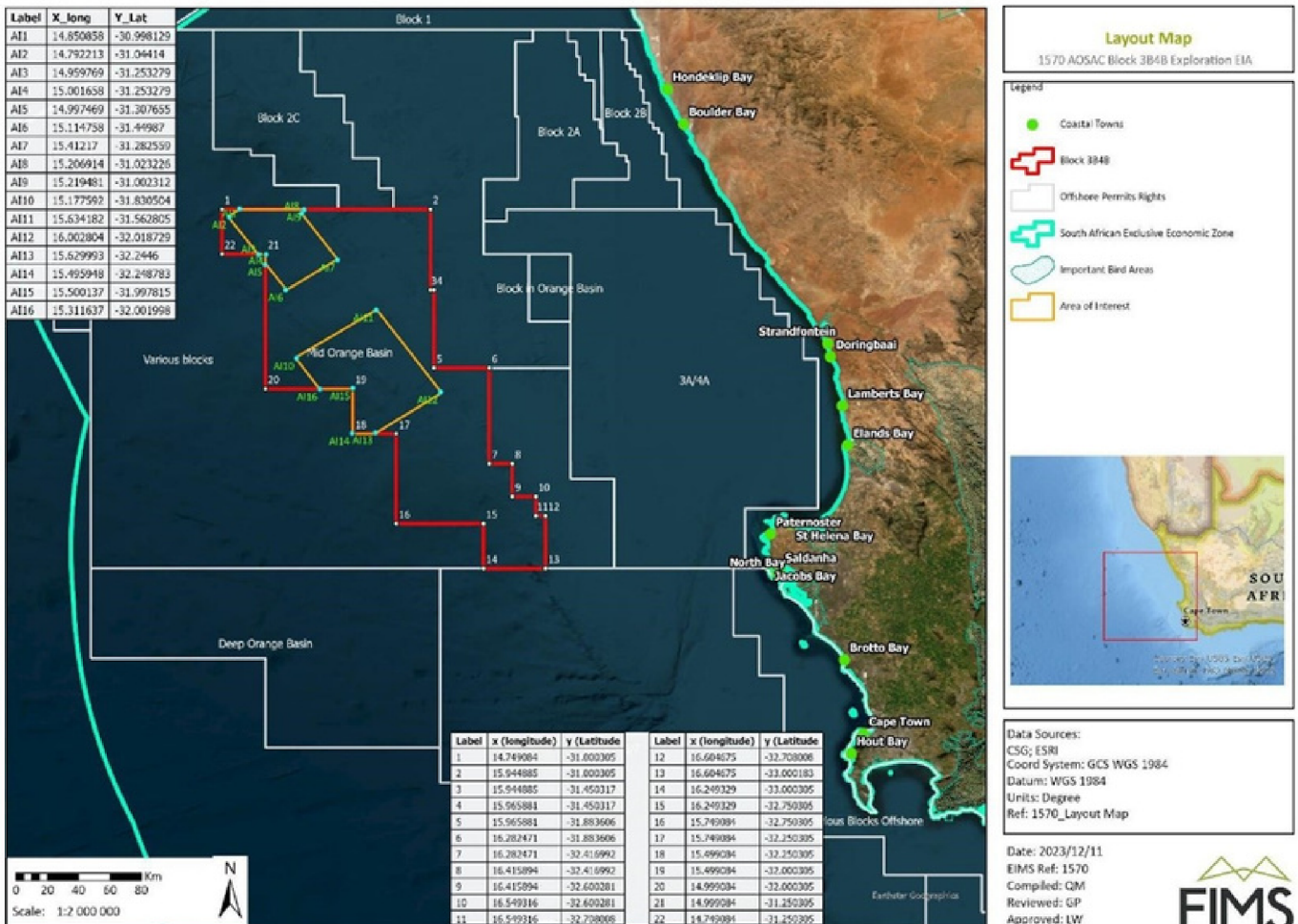
Yintoni ekufuneka uyazi iAfrica Oil South Africa Corp (AOSAC) kuNxweme oluseNtshona loMzantsi Afrika

iBHLOKO 3B/4B INGXELO YE-EIA EFUMANEKAYO UKUZE KUNIKWE IZIMVO

Iphuhliswe nguBulungisa beNdalo ngoJanuwari ka-2024

I-AFRICA OIL SA CORP, I-RICOCURE (PTY) LTD KUNYE NE- AZINAM LIMITED (I-JOINT VENTURE (JV) PARTNERS) ZIBAMBE ILUNGelo LOKUHLOLA (ER) LE-BHLOKO 3B/4B. I-ER YANIKEZELWA NGO 2019 KWAYE INIKA I-JV PARTNERS ITHUBA LOKUHLOLA I-OYILE KUNYE NERHASI/NEGESI KULE BHLOKO ISUKA KUNXWEME OLUSENTSHONA LOMZANTSI AFRIKA.

INDAWO YOMDLA



Iphuhliswe nguBulungisa beNdalo ngoJanuwari ka-2024

Imisebenzi yokuhlola

I-JV PARTNERS IJONGE UKUGRUMBA UKUYA KUTSHO KWIMINGXUMA YOKUHLOA EMI -5 KWINDAWO ECHONGIWEYO YOMDLA (AREA OF INTEREST (AOI) NGAPHAKATHI KWE-BHLOKO 3B/4B. IXESHA ELIHIKELELWEYO LOKUGQITYWA KOKOMBIWA NOKUVAVANYWA KWEQULA NGALINYE, KULINDELEKE UKUBA LIBE MALUNGA NEENYANGA EZINTATHU UKUYA KWEZINE. IMISEBENZI YOKUGRUMBA KWIXESHA ELIZAYO IYAKUQHUBEKA UNYAKA WONKE, NGAPHANDLE KOKUTHINTELWA KWIXESHA ELITHILE LONYAKA.

IBHLOKO 3B/4B YINDAWO EMALUNGA NE- 17 581 KM2 KWAYE IME KUNXWEME OLUSENTSONA LOMZANTSI AFRIKA. IBHLOKO IBEKWE MALUNGA NE- 120KM KWINTSHONA YE- ST HELENA BAY KWAYE MALUNGA NE- 145KM KUMZANTSI -NTSHONA WE-HONDEKLIP BAY. UKUGRUMBA KUCETYWA UKUBA KWENZEKE KUMMANDLA OSEMANTLA NOMBINDI WE- BHLOKO (OBONWA UMTHUBI NGASENTLA).

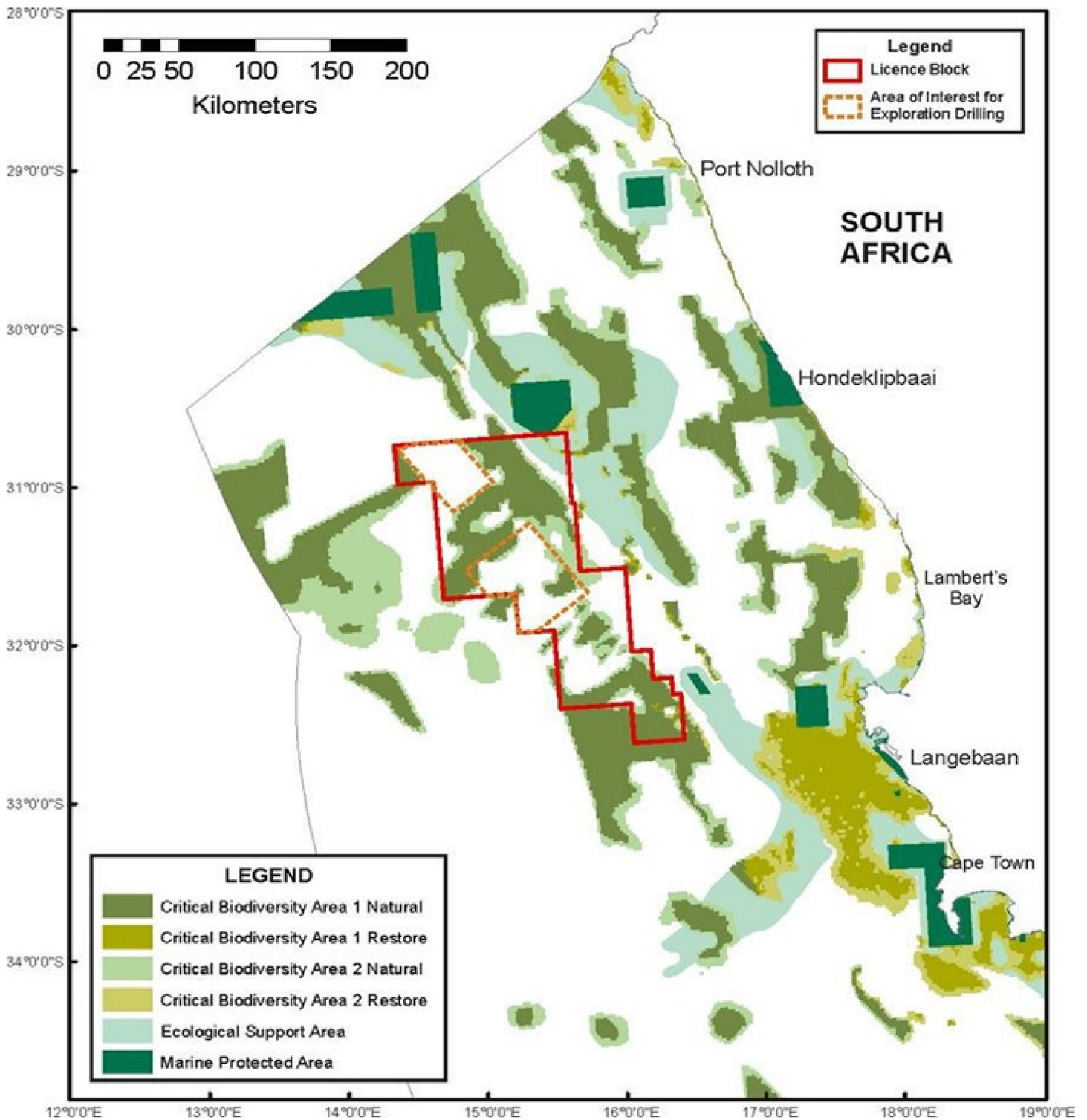
Mzantsi Afrika



● Hondeklip Bay

● St Helena Bay

● Ikapa



LOMFANEKISO UBONISA UKUBA KUFUTSHANE KWE- BHLOKO 3B/4B KWIINDAWO EZIBALULEKILEYO ZEZITYALO NEZILWANYANA, IINDAWO ZENKXASO YENDALO KUNYE NEENDAWO ZASELWANDLE EZIKHUSELWEYO.

Iphuhliswe nguBulungisa beNdalo ngoJanuwari ka-2024



ILUNGELO LOKUPHONONOWA:

Oku kufunyanwa kwi- DMRE, xa uGunyaziso lokusiNgqongileyo lunikiwe. Kule Bhloko, i- EA yangaphambili yafunyanwa ukuze idatha iphinde isetyenziswe kwakhona xa i- ER inikiwe.

UVAVANYO LWEMPEMBELELO YOKUSINGQONGILEYO (ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT (EIA):

Oluvavanyo lujolise ekucingeleni iimpembelelo zokusingqongileyo nezentlalo yeprojekthi. Oku kufakwe kwingxelo kwaye kusekwe koku, i- DMRE inokunikezela okanye yale uGunyaziso lokusiNgqongileyo. Iinkonzo zoLawulo lweMpembelelo yokusiNgqongileyo (Environmental Impact Management Services (EIMS) nguMsebenzi woVavanyo lokusiNgqongileyo (Environmental Assessment Practitioner (EAP) kulomzekelon, kwaye baqulunqa i- EIA.

Ingxelo eyilwayo ye- EIA iyafumaneka ngoku kwi webhusayithi ye-EIMS' (<https://eims.datafree.co/2023/06/08/1570-block-3b4b-exploration-right-eia/>)

IZIMVO ZOLUNTU:

Onke amaQela anoMdla naChaphazelekayo (Interested and Affected Parties or I&APs) anikwa ithuba lokuhlomla kuyilo lwe- EIA.

SILAPHA

INGXELO YOKUGQIBELA YE-EIA EPAPASHIWEYO:

Oku kuquka onke amagqabantshintshi afunyenweyo kuyilo lwengxelo ye- EIA. Oku kungeniswa kwi-Petroleum Agency of South Africa (PASA) ukuze iqwalaselwe kwaye iphononongwe.

ISINDULULO SE-PASA:

Emva kophononongo lwayo, i-PASA iyakubonelela ngesindululo kwi- DMRE malunga nokuba inike okanye yale uGunyaziso lokuSingqongileyo.

UGUNYAZISO LOKUSINGQONGILEYO:

Oku kunikezelwa ligosa elivela kwi- DMRE kwaye, ukuba linikiwe, liyakuvumela i- JV Partners ukuba baqhubele phambili nokuhlola kwabo.

YINTONI ELANDELAYO?

Emva kokuba iSebe likhuphe isigqibo salo, onke amaQela anoMdla naChaphazelekayo (I&APs) abhaliswe kuvimba weenkukacha zeprojekthi ayakwaziswa ngesiphumo sesicelo kunye nezizathu zesigqibo kwiintsuku ezi- 14 zomhla wesigqibo.

Ukuba kukho nabani na ongavumelaniyo nesigqibo esenziwe liSebe, isibheni esichasene nesigqibo sinokungeniswa kwiSebe lezokuLoba lamaHlathi nokusiNgqongileyo (Department of Forestry Fisheries and Environment (DFFE)zingaphelanga iintsuku ezingama-20 ukususela kumhla isigqibo esichazwe ngawo kwii- I&APs.

Iphuhlisewe nguBulungisa beNdalo ngoJanuwari ka-2024



LINKCAZO ZOMSEBENZI KUNYE NEZINTO EZINXULUMENE NAZO

*Esi sisishwankathelo semisebenzi evela kwingxelo ye- EIA, kodwa ayiquki yonke imisebenzi

UPHANDO LWAPHAMBI KOKOMBIWA

Phambi kokuba kombiwe, uhlolo lwaphambi kokuba kombiwe lungenziwa ukuze kuhlolwe iimeko ezisisiseko, kuchongwe iingozi ezinokuthi zibekho emazantsi olwandle kunye neengozi ezingaphantsi kolwandle. Uphando lubandakanya i- sonar, intlenge kunye nesampulu yamanzi, kunye nemisebenzi yemoto esebenza ngerimowuthi.



UKUGRUMBA

Iyunithi yokomba engantywiliselwa ngaphantsi kwamanzi okanye inqanawa yokomba iyakusetyenziswa ukomba amaqula, axhotyiselwe umngeni kwimo engqongileyo yamanzi anzulu kwiindawo zaselwandle.



LINQANAWA EZIXHASAYO

Iyunithi yokomba iyakuxhaswa ukuyakuthi ga kwiinqanawa ezintathu ezisetyenziselwa ukuhanjiswa kwezixhobo, izixhobo kunye nenkunkuma phakathi kwiyunithi kunye nesiseko sonxweme. Iinqanawa zesibonelelo ngezixhobo zokulwa nomlilo ezilindileyo, ukugcinwa kwe-oyile, kunye nohlangulo olukhawulezileyo, kwaye zinokubonelela ngezixhobo ezongezelelweyo kunye kunye nokukhutshwa kwezonyango okanye ukudluliselwa kwabasebenzi xa kufuneka.



LINQWLO-NTAKA

Iinqwelo-ntaka ziyakuthutha abasebenzi ukuya nokubuya kwicandelo lokomba bedlula kwiSikhululo seenqwelo-moya sase- Springbok naseKapa. Kulindeleke ukuba kuyakubakho iinqwelo-moya ukuya kutsho kwezi- 4 ukuya nokubuya ngeveki nganye phakathi kweyunithi yokomba kunye nesikhululo senkxaso yenqwelo-ntaka, iyonke imalunga neehambo ezingama- 68 ngequla ngalinye kwiiveki ezi- 17 zokusebenza (malunga neentsuku ezi- 120).



ISISEKO SOLUNGISELELO LONGEDO ELUNXWEMENI

(ON-SHORE LOGISTICS BASE)

Isiseko sokuqala solungiselelo loncedo elunxwemeni, nokuba kukwiZibuko laseKapa okanye kwiZibuko lase Saldanha, liyakugcina imathiriyeli, izinto ezisetyenziswayo kunye nezixhobo zokuthutha ukuya nokubuya kwiyunithi yokomba. Isiseko siyakuba nee-ofisi, izibonelelo zolawulo lwenkunkuma, iinqanawa ezigcina inkunkuma, kunye nokubonelela ngokunikezela nge-stevedoring/ngezithethe zeenkono zokucoca.



Iphuhliswe nguBulungisa beNdalo ngoJanuwari ka-2024

OKUNOKWENZEKA MALUNGA NEEMPEMBELELO ZEPROJEKTHI

***Ezimpembelelo ziphawulwe kwiingxelo zeengcali eziyinxalenye yoyilo lweNgxelo yoVavanyo lweMpembelelo yokusiNgqongileyo (Environment Impact Assessment Report).Esi sisishwankathelo kwaye kengoko asizizo zonke iimpembelelo.**

IIMPEMBELELO KWIINTLANZI NAKWIINTLOBO ZEZILWANYANA ZOLWANDLE

Ezona ntlobo zeentlanzi ziphambili kulommandla ziintlobo ezinkulu ezifudukayo ze-pelagic ezifana netyhuna, ibillfish, kunye ne- pelagic sharks. Abemi beentaka zolwandle kulommandla babonakala ngeentlobo ze-pelagic ezifana ne- albatross, iipetrels, kunye nee- shearwaters, ngelixa amafudo afudukayoebandakanya i- leatherback kunye neentlobo ze- loggerhead. Ngaphesheya kolwandle, iintlobo ngeentlobo zezilwanyana zaselwandle ziyacingelwa, zineminenga yee- baleen efana neminenga/ ii-humpbacks, i- Antarctic minke, i-fin, kunye neminenga eyi- sei . Kukwalindelwe iminenga enamazinyo, njenge-sperm kunye nee- killer whales, kunye neminenga eyahluka-hlukeneyo enemilomo kunye nee- dolfin,nazo zilindelekile.

Okuqaphelekayo, indawo yelayisensi ihlangana ne- Childs Bank Marine Protected Area (MPA) kunye ne- Childs Bank kunye ne Shelf Edge Ecologically okanye i- Biologically Significant Area (EBSA). I-Childs Bank ime malunga nama- 50km kwimpuma yoMmandla woMdlala kwaye iyakubanovakalelo oluphezulu kwimisebenzi yokomba. Lommandla uxhasa iintlobo zezilwanyana ezingenamqolo ezisesichengeni, eziphila ixesha elide, kunye neentlobo ezohlukeneyo zookrebe (pelagic shark) ezisengozini yokuphela , i-leatherback turtles, ii- sperm whales ezinyaka wonke, kunye neminenga efudukayo (humpback) kunye ne- fin. UMDa woLwandle okhuselweyo weShelufu eOrenji (The Orange Shelf Edge Marine Protected Area (MPA) kunye ne- Orange Seamount kunye ne- Canyon Complex Ecologically okanye i-Biologically Significant Area (EBSA) nazo ziindawo ezinovakalelo oluphezulu lokomba olucetywayo. Ukongeza kwi- MPA's, indawo yomdlala ijikelezwe ngezinye iibhloko apho iinkampani ziphethe amalungelo okuhlola kunye/okanye ukuveliswa kwe-oyile kunye nerhasi/negesi.

Ngexesha lokuhlola, kukho izigaba ezohlukeneyo ezifana nesigaba sokuhlenganisa, uphando lwaphambi kokomba, isigaba sokusebenza kunye nesigaba sokudiliza. Isigaba ngasinye kwezizinomngcipheko wokuchaphazela iintlanzi kunye nezinye iintlobo zaselwandle. Ezinye zeempembelelo zezi: ukuphazamisa indlela yokuziphatha kunye ne- physiology yezilwanyana zaselwandle, ukuphazamiseka kunye nokufa, ukufihla okanye ukuphazamisa izandi ezibalulekileyo zebhayoloji , umonakalo wokuphefumla kunye nokuphepha iindawo eziphambili zokuzala.



IINGXELO KWIMIBUZO YOBOMI

Uluntu kunye nabanye abachaphazelekayo baxhomekeke kulwandle kunye nonxweme ukuze baziphilise. Kukho abalobi kunye nabaqhubi bokhenketho umzekelo, eKapa, eSaldanha Bay kunye nase St Helena. Olunye uluntu luqhuba uluhlu lwezithethe elwandle naselunxwemeni. Nayiphi na impembelelo etshintsha kakubi inkqubo yendalo yaselwandle kunye nobomi baselwandle inokuba nefuthe elibi kubomi babo bachaphazelekayo. Nangona ingxelo ye- EIA ichonga iimpembelelo ezilungileyo zokuphila, ikwabonisa ukuba imbuyekezo yabasebenzi kumacandelo asisiseko afana nokuloba kunye nokuhanjiswa kwezinto inokuphazamiseka okwethutyana, okunokukhokelela kumthwalo wexeshana eluntwini malunga nokufikelela kwiinkonzo nezinto eziluncedo. Lomsebenzi wokuhlola unokukhokelela kwilahleko yethutyana emalunga ne- R184.1 yezigidi kwimbuyekezo yabasebenzi kuqoqosho lwesizwe kunye nangaphezu kwe- R362 yezigidi evela kwingeniso yamakhaya ngenxa yokuphazamiseka okwethutyana kushishino lokuloba kunye nemisebenzi yorhwebo lwaselwandle.

UKUKHUTSHWA KWENGXOLO

Owona mthombo ongundoqo wengxolo evela kwimisebenzi yeprojekthi eqhutywa kwimo engqongileyo ekude nonxweme nesenxwemeni iyakuvela kuphando lwe- sonar lwaphambi kokomba, ukugrumba, i-propeller kunye nokubekwa kwabahaseli, (positioning thrusters) oomatshini, ukugawulwa kwemithi kunye novavanyo, kunye nengxolo yenqwelo-moya. Ubungakanani bengxolo enxulumene neprojekthi ngaphezu kwenqanaba lengxolo elingasemva linokwahluka kakhulu ngokuxhomekeke kwiinqanawa ezithile ezisetyenzisiweyo kunye nenani lemikhumbi yokubonelela esebenzayo. Ingxolo evela kwimisebenzi yokomba kulindeleke ukuba ibe neyona mpembelelo inkulu evela kwiProjekthi. Ingxolo eveliswa kukugrunjwa, ukusebenza koomatshini kunye nokuhamba kweenqanawa kunokuphazamisa indlela yokutya kunye neephatheni (patterns) zokufuduka kweentlobo zezilwanyana zaselwandle ngakumbi ezo zixhomekeke kwisandi ngonxibelelwano kunye nokuhamba, kwaye zibangele ukwenzakala ngokuthe ngqo emzimbeni ekuveni okanye kwamanye amalungu omzimba.

UKWANDA KUTSHINTSHO LWEMOZULU

IUtyalo-mali kumafutha ezilwanyana zamandulo zenza mandundu ingxaki yemozulu. Xa sele isetyenzisiwe i-oyile nerhasi ziyakwandisa isixa se- carbon dioxide kunye nezinye iigesi ze- greenhouse emoyeni, nto leyo enegalelo kutshintsho lwemozulu, emoyeni nasemanzini amaqondo obushushu, utshintsho kwiiphatheni zemvula, isantya sokunyuka komphakamo wolwandle, isaqhwithi, kunye nokutshintsha kweephatheni zamaza.

Ngokophononongo olwenziwe ngu- Oceana ngo 2022 (<https://oceana.org/press-releases/stopping-the-expansion-of-offshore-drilling-can-help-prevent-the-worst-impacts-of-the-climate-crisis-new-analysis-finds/>), ukumisa ukombiwa okutsha kwe-oyile nerhasi/negesi elunxwemeni lolwandle ngelishesha kuncitshiswa ngokuthe ngcembe imveliso yangoku kungaba negalelo ekufezekiseni phantse i- 13% yokunciphisa ukukhutshwa kwezinto eziyimfuneko ukunciphisa ubushushu behlathi bube ngaphantsi kwe- 2 degrees Celsius kwaye kuthintelwe olona xinzelelo lunzima lweziphumo zengxaki yemozulu. Ukutshintsha kwemozulu kuya kuchaphazela wonke umntu ngakumbi abantu abamkela imivuzo ephantsi. Oku kunokukhokelela ekungakhuselekeni kokutya, ukulahlekelwa yimpilo, ukufuduswa kwabantu, kunye nempilo enkene-nkene.



IMPEMBELELO KWINKCUBEKO NELIFA LEMVELI

Olunye lophononongo lweengcaphephe, uphando lwelifa lenkcubeko elingabonakaliyo (ICH) loluntuoluhlala ngaselunxwemeni eMzantsi Afrika, ingakumbi eMntla Koloni nase Ntshona Koloni, lufumanise ukuba kukho unxibelelwano olunzulu lwabalobi abakhasayo (SSP) nolwandle, aba bawubone njengento ephilayo neyinxalenye yenkqubo entsokothileyo yezinto eziphilayo nendawo eziphila eziphila kuyo, exabiswe ukuzala kweentlanzi, ukuziphilisa, kunye nonxulumano lwezinyanya, nokuhenyuza ngenxa yokuloba okuyinxalenye yendlela yabo yokuphila. Imisebenzi yokuloba ibandakanya ukusebenza ngendlela enentsingiselo eluntwini, ukuba yinxalenye yeqela lentlalo-ntle yabalobi, ukuba nemida yasekuhlaleni kunye neengqubo zenkcubeko zokuziqhelanisa neli qela. Iimpembelelo ezimbi ezibangelwa yi Projekthi zinokuphazamisa lendlela yokuphila. Uluntu lwemveli lukwafumana uvuselelo lweenkcubeko, lugxininisa ubuntunu-ntunu benkcubeko yendalo yonxweme, ngelixa kugcinwa imbono epheleleyo kulwandle njengobutyebi benkcubeko noqoqosho. Ulwandle lunentsingiselo njengendawo yokuphumla kwezinyanya, amasiko edlala indima ebalulekileyo kwimpilo-ntle ngokomoya. Iindlela ezithile zenkcubeko yeMveli kunye nezithethe, betsala amandla kwi fynbos kunye nolwandle ukuze baphiliswe kunye nonxibelelwano nezinyanya, zaphawulwa kwingxelo ye-ICH.

I-EIMS ICHONGE EZIMPEMBELELO ZILUNGILEYO ZILANDELAYO ZEPROJEKTHI

***Esi sisishwankathelo seempembelelo ezilungileyo ezichongwe zii- EIMs kuyilo lwe- EIA kwaye asibandakanyi zonke iimpembelelo ezilungileyo.**

AMATHUBA EMISEBENZI

I-EIMS ichaze ukuba umsebenzi wokuhlola kulindeleke ukuba uvuselele amathuba engqesho asemthethweni nangekho sikweni. Kuqikelelwa kwingxelo ye-EIA ukuba kuya kudaleka imisebenzi eli-1 411 esesikweni yezakhono, i-1 743 yemisebenzi emiselweyo enezakhono ezisingqingqwa, i-1 042 yemisebenzi esesikweni enezakhono eziphantsi kunye nama-763 emisebenzi engekho sikweni iya kudaleka. Alukho olunye ulwazi olukhutshiweyo ngemisebenzi. Ulwazi oluthe vetshe malunga nemisebenzi eqikelelwayo lunikiwe.

UKUKHULA KWEZOQOQOSHO

Iimpembelelo ezintle ezichongwe yi- EIMS kuvavanyo lweempembelelo zoqoqosho zibonisa ukuba umsebenzi wokuhlola unokuvelisa ixabiso elongezelelweyo loqoqosho, uvuselelele amacabndelo ahlukeneyo, kwaye ube negalelo kuhlumo loqoqosho ngokubanzi. Inqanaba libonisa okuhlanganisa le projekthi lijolise ekusekweni kwesiseko sezinto zokusebenza elunxwemeni, kulindeleke ukuba livelise inzuzo yezoqoqosho encomekayo efana neentengiselwano ezongezelelweyo zeshishini kulo lonke ikhonkco lexabiso leshishini lokuhlola, ingqesho eyongezelweyo, kunye nokwanda kweerhafu. Ngaphaya koko, inqanaba lokusebenza kulindeleke ukuba likhuthaze imfuno yempahla, iinkonzo, kunye nengqesho kulo lonke ikhonkco lexabiso, elikhokelela ekukhuleni kweshishini kunye nengeniso yerhafu eyongezelelweyo. Ingxelo ye-EiA ithi, nangona kunjalo, kiubalulekile ukuqaphela ukuba umsebenzi wokuhlola ubonelela ngeenzuzo zezoqoqosho zexesha elifutshane (kukuthi, ixesha lokusebenza phakathi kweenyanga ezingama-20 nezingama-24) kwaye ke ngoko uyakudala ixabiso elongezelelweyo ixesha elifutshane.



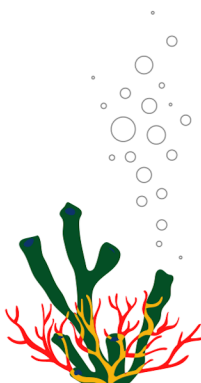
Kutheni kufuneka ndibandakenyeka?

Iprojekthi ecetywayo inokuchazela uluntu oluhlala kufutshane nommandla weprojekthi kunye noluntu oluxhomekeke kulwandlekazi. Ngoko ke kubalulekile ukwabelana ngezimvo zakho ngeprojekthi ecetywayo. Nangona kunjalo, okuba awuhlali kufutshane nommandla onguMdla, unokubandakanyeka.

Indlela yokubandakanyeka

1. Qokelela ulwazi oluninzi malunga nprojekthi kangangoko kunokwenzeka. Onke amaxwebhu eprojekthi anokufumaneka kwi intanethi apha <https://eims.datafree.co/2023/06/08/1570-block-3b4b-exploration-right-eia/okanye> ngokomzimba kwezindawo zilandelayo

Description of event:	Availability of Scoping Report (SR) for Public Review and Comment
Where	The Hout Bay Public Library (Melkhout Crescent, Hout Bay, Cape Town)
	The Sea Point Public Library (Civic Centre, Cnr Three Anchor Bay and Main Roads, Sea Point, Cape Town)
	Yzerfontein Tourism Office (50 Main Road, Yzerfontein)
	The Vredenburg Public Library (2 Academy Street (close to West Coast College), Vredenburg)
	St Helena Bay Library (2 Albertros Street, St Helena Bay)
	Elandsbaai Public Library (Main Road, Elandsbaai)
	The Lamberts Bay Public Library (Church Street, Lamberts Bay)
	Kamiesburg Local Municipality in Hondeklip Bay (Wag Way street)
	A. J Bekeur Library (Robson Street, Port Nolloth, Richtersveld)



2. Yiya kwiintlanganiso zika wonke-wonke kwi-intanethi okanye ngokobuqu kwezindawo zilandelayo ukuze ufunde ngakumbi ngale projekthi kunye nokuhlomla ngomlomo.

Public Open Days are scheduled during the review period of the DEIAR as follows:

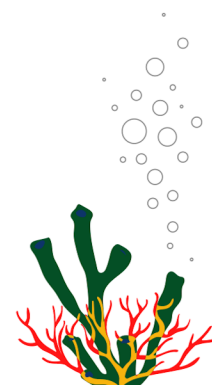
Town	Venue	Date and Time
Port Nolloth	Port Nolloth Drop Inn Centre, Oven Street	Monday, 22 January 2024, 08:00-12:00
Hondeklip Bay	Eric Baker Hall	Monday, 22 January 2024, 15:00-19:00
Doringbaai	Miriam Owies Community Hall, Hawe Road	Tuesday, 23 January 2024, 10:00-14:00
Ebenhaeser	Ebenhaeser Community Hall	Tuesday, 23 January 2024, 15:00-19:00
Lamberts Bay	Lamberts Bay Hotel, 72 Voortrekker Street	Wednesday, 24 January 2024, 09:00-13:00
Elandsbaai	Elands Bay Hotel, 1 Hunter Street	Wednesday, 24 January 2024, 15:00-19:00
St. Helena Bay	Sandy Point Hall, 2 Albatros Street	Thursday, 25 January 2024, 09:00-13:00
Saldanha Bay	Hoedjies Bay Hotel Conference Hall, Main Road	Thursday, 25 January 2024, 15:00-19:00
Yzerfontein	Yzerfontein Community Hall, 25 Dolfyn Street	Friday, 26 January 2024, 08:00-12:00
Cape Town	Hellenic Club, 24 Bay Road, Sea Point	Friday, 26 January 2024, 15:00-19:00
Hout Bay (Hangberg)	Hangberg Sports and Recreation Centre, Karbonkel Road	Saturday, 27 January 2024, 08:00-12:00
Virtual Meeting	Microsoft Teams (register here)	Thursday, 1 February 2024, 15:00-17:00

I&APs will be able to attend physical open day sessions at any time that suits them during the 4-hour timeslot. Depending on attendance, a guided tour of the posters will be conducted at the start and halfway point of each session. For example, a session commencing at 08:00 will start with a tour at 08:00 and have another tour at 10:00.

Ukuhlomla ngalengxelo uluntu kufuneka lubhalise i- I&APs kwaye lungakwenza oko nge imeyile: block3b4b@eims.co.za okanye ngomnxeba: 011 789 7170

Naziphi na izimvo ezivakaliswa luluntu mazingeniswe nge-8 ka Februwari 2024. Izimvo okanye imibuzo ingangeniswa ngeposi: **P.O. Box 2083, Pinetown, 2123;** fax: 086 571 9047; phone call: 011 789 7170; whatsapp: 076 281 3326 or email: block3b4b@eims.co.za

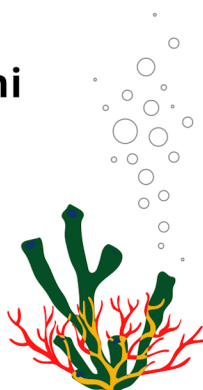
Nceda ufake inombolo yesalathiso yeprojekthi engu 1570 kuyo yonke imbalelwano.



YINTONI EKUFUNEKA UCINGE NGAYO?

Iprojekthi zokuphonononga kunye nemveliso zineziphumo ezithe ngqo nezingathanga ngqo kuluntu kwaye kubalulekile ukucinga malunga nokuba eziziphumo zingayintoni na. Lemibuzo ingezantsi iyakukunceda uchonge kwaye ucinge ngempembelelo yeprojekthi kuluntu lwakho.

- Ingaba le projekthi izakuyichaphazela njani impilo yam?
- Ngaba ndizakukwazi ukufikelela elunxwemeni naselwandle njengoko bendisenza ngaphambili?
- Ingaba umsebenzi weprojekthi uzakuchaphazela indlela iintlanzi kunye neentlobo zeentaka ezihamba ngayo kwindawo kwaye oku kuyakuba nefuthe kubomi bethu?
- Ngaba ndidla ngokuloba kwindawo yeprojekthi okanye ndityhutyha ummandla weprojekthi ukuze ndifikelele kwiindawo zam eziqhelekileyo zokuloba?
- Ingaba ukuchitheka kwe-oyile/kwerhasi kunokuba nefuthe elinjani kuluntu lwethu?
- Ingaba le projekthi izakubonelela uluntu lwethu ngengqesho, zeziphi iintlobo zezakhono ezifunekayo ukuze uqeshwe kwaye ingaba iyakuba ngumsebenzi wexesha elide?
- Wakuba ugqityiwe umsebenzi, zeziphi iingenelo uluntu elizakuxhamla kuzo?
- Ukuba usebenza kwicandelo le- aquaculture, ingaba iprojekthi le ingaba nefuthe kumashishini kunye nemisebenzi kwelicandelo?
- Ukuba usuka kwicandelo lezokhenketho, ingaba iprojekthi le ingaba nefuthe elihle okanye elibi kukhenketho?
- Ingaba leprojekthi izakuzichazela njani izenzo zam zenkcubeko nezomoya?



INDLELA YOKUCWANGCISA IZIMVO ZAKHO

Akukho zithemphlety okanye iimfuno zendlela yokucwangcisa izimvo zakho. Apha ngezantsi kukho umzekelo wendlela onokuthi ucwangcise ngayo izimvo zakho.

1. Dwelisa iinkxalabo zakho eziphambili ngeprojekthi kwaye uthethe malunga nokuba ezizinto zixhalabisayo ziye zaqwalaselwa okanye zasingathwa kwiindibano zothetha-thethwano noluntu.

2. Chaza ukuba ukholelwa ukuba le Projekthi iya kuyichaphazela njani impilo yakho kunye nobomi boluntu lwakho?

3. Chaza ukuba ukholelwa ukuba i-Projekthi iyakuba nefuthe njani ekufikeleleni nasekusebenziseni ulwandle, kwaye iyakuba nefuthe njani kwintshukumo yeentlobo zezilwanyanata (iintaka, iintlanzi njl.).

4. Chaza ukuba ucinga ukuba i-Projekthi izakunceda wena okanye uluntu lwakho kwaye ezo zibonelelo ziyakuba yintoni na.

5. Xela ukuba ngaba iimpembelelo ezintle nezimbi ze-Projekthi zaxoxwa nawe phambi okanye kwiindibano zoluntu.

6. Xela ukuba ukholelwa ukuba i-Projekthi iyakuba nefuthe kwinkcubeko kunye nelifa lakho lomoya ukuba iya phambili.

7. Xela ukuba ngaba udliwano-ndlebe noluntu lwenziwa ngolwimi oluqondayo nokuba kukuncedile na ukuqonda ukuba i-Projekthi imalunga nantoni na.

8. Naziphi na ezinye izimvo

Igama: _____

Uluntu/ingingqi: _____

Idilesi: _____

Inombolo yomnxeba: _____

I-imeyile: _____

Umtyikityo

Umhla

